

## CARDIOVASCULAR DIET CHECKLIST

To be completed in consultation with your health professional **TICK** THE BOX if the answer is **YES** to any of the following questions (see overleaf for guidance notes)

Saturated fat				
1.	Do you eat <b>THREE or FEWER servings</b> of <b>red meat a weel</b> white or red meat? <b>A serving</b> is approx. 100g (size of your p	alm or a deck of cards).		
2.	Do you keep <b>processed meat</b> products to a minimum i.e. <b>No</b>	MORE than ONCE a week?		
3.	Do you choose <b>lower-fat</b> milk and yogurt options or <b>plant-based</b> alternatives that are not coconut-based?			
4.	Do you eat <b>THREE servings or LESS</b> of <b>cheese</b> a week? <b>1</b>	serving = 30g or two thumb widths.		
5.	Do you eat <b>LESS than ONE serving</b> a <b>day</b> of butter, ghee, other animal fats, cream, <b>coconut/palm</b> oil - in cooking or as a spread? <b>1 serving</b> = 1 tsp.			
6.	Do you use <b>unsaturated oils</b> and <b>spreads</b> in <b>moderation</b> ?	NO MORE than THREE tbsps a day.		
7.	Do you have <b>THREE or MORE portions</b> of <b>vegetables</b> , <b>including salad vegetables</b> , <b>every day</b> ?	Fresh, frozen, canned (in water or juice) or dried all count. <i>A portion</i> = 80g, a handful, 4 tbsps or 1 tbsp for dried fruit.		
8.	Do you have <b>TWO portions</b> of <b>fruit every day</b> ?	JUICES & SMOOTHIE do NOT count.		
9.	Do you eat <b>THREE or MORE portions</b> of <b>beans</b> (including baked beans) or <b>lentils</b> every week? <b>A serving</b> = 150g (half a large can) to 200g (small can) or 6 tbsp.			
10.	Do you eat at least TWO PORTIONS of fish a week, ONE of	of which is OILY?		
11.	Do you eat <b>WHOLE GRAIN</b> foods <b>MOST days</b> in place of rebread/chapatti, wholegrain breakfast cereals, oats, brown ric	fined (white) carbs? e.g., wholemeal e, wholewheat pasta.		
12.	Do you <b>always choose water or unsweetened</b> (incl. diet/st versions, energy/sports drinks or fruit juice and smoothies?	igar-free) <b>drinks</b> instead of sweetened		
13.	Do you eat <b>high fat</b> , <b>sugary</b> and <b>salty snacks LESS than</b>	THREE times a week?		
14.	Do you have <b>fast food</b> , <b>take-aways</b> or <b>ready meals LESS</b> to	han TWICE a week?		
15.	Do you drink <b>14 or FEWER units</b> of <b>alcohol per week? 1 unit</b> = a small 125ml glass of wine, half a pint of regular lager/beer, 1/3 pint of cider or stout, one measure of spirit.			
16.	Do you eat a portion (30g or a handful) of unsalted/ unsweetened nuts MORE than FOUR times a week?			
	TO <sup>-</sup>	TAL SCORE (count all the ticks)		
Any questions with a tick = CONGRATULATIONS for already adopting positive heart healthy				

dietary patterns.

Score ≤6 OR only 3 ticks for Q's 1-6

There are a number of improvements that can be made to your diet and a dietetic referral may be helpful. You decide on which changes you would like to tackle first.

Score 7-11 OR only 3 ticks for Q's 1-6

The **diet is fair**, and further improvements can help to improve your cholesterol. Dietetic referral or more in-depth dietary advice could help.

Score 12 OR MORE & ≥4 ticks for Q's 1-6

The diet is good to very good. Further amends could help including the addition of 3 cholesterol-lowering foods: plant sterol & stanol fortified foods, oats & soya. See heartuk.org.uk/uclp



If your patient is willing, you can provide them with top line advice on page 3. Guide them to www.heartuk.org.uk/healthy-living/ for more in-depth advice.



## **GUIDANCE NOTES**

The information below can be used as a guide when considering how to answer the questions overleaf

## **FOODS HIGH IN SATURATED FAT**

- **1. Red meat** includes beef, lamb and goat. **Lean meat** includes 5% minced meat, red and pork meat with all visible fat removed or chicken and poultry with the skin removed.
- **2. Processed meat** includes sausage rolls, meat pies, salami, pate, sausages, streaky bacon, tinned meats.
  - Lower-fat dairy includes semi, skimmed, 1% milk and low fat or fat free yogurts or fromage frais.
- **3. Plant-based drinks**: all fortified with calcium, iodine and vitamin B12 and preferably unsweetened. The exception is *coconut* drinks and alternatives to yogurt which are exceptionally high in saturated fat.
- 4. Hard and semi soft cheeses both full and (30% and 50%) REDUCED fat varieties. Full or lower fat/light cream cheeses including creme fraiche (1 serving = 1 heaped tbsp). NOT included are cheeses labelled as "LOW FAT" (check the label must be 3g fat per 100g or less), such as quark, cottage cheese and one or two brands of low-fat cheddar type cheeses.
- **5. Animal fats**: butter, ghee, goose or duck fat, lard or dripping and other animal fats. **Cream**: double, single, whipping, soured, as well as 'vegan' creams. **Coconut** and **palm oil**, **vegan butter (shea fat)**.
- **6. Unsaturated oils** and **spreads** including sunflower, rapeseed, "vegetable oil", olive, corn, groundnut/peanut.
- 7. & 8. Vegetables & fruit that count: fresh, frozen, canned (in water or juice) or dried. What does NOT count: Fruit/vegetable juices and smoothies all varieties incl. fresh, UHT, 'natural'
- 9. **Beans and lentils** canned, dried and fresh e.g., baked beans, broad beans, edamame beans, lentils, chickpeas, haricot beans, cannellini.
- **Fish** all types of fresh, frozen, canned, plain or with breadcrumbs. **Oil-rich fish** includes mackerel, 10. sardines, pilchards, salmon, kippers. **A serving** = 140g (a fillet or steak) or for some tinned oil-rich fish around 90g. **Do NOT count** fish in batter or fish pies.
- Whole grains include wholemeal or multi-seeded bread, rolls, wraps, tortillas, chapatti; whole grain breakfast cereals (e.g., wheat or oat biscuits, bran flakes, muesli, malt wheats), oats/porridge, brown 11. rice, wholewheat pasta. Does **NOT include** granolas. **Refined carbs** includes white or 'brown' labelled breads, rolls and wraps. Breakfast cereals such as cornflakes, Frosties, sugar puffs, coco pops. White rice and pasta and pastries.
- Unsweetened drinks includes tap, bottled and 'sugar-free' flavoured waters; teas/coffees made with
   12. low fat milk or plant-based drink and no added sugar or syrups. Diet/sugar free soft drinks.
   Does NOT include fruit juices or smoothies.
- **Snacks high in fat, salt and/or sugars. Savoury** includes: crisps, Bombay mix, salted/honey/ sugar 13. coated nuts, cheese crackers, savoury pastries. **Sweet** includes chocolate, ice-cream, chocolate or filled biscuits, sweet pastries, doughnuts, buns, cakes, sweets (including Indian sweets).
- **Fast food**, **take-aways** or **ready meals** that are high in fat, salt and/or sugars e.g., fried chicken, 14. chips, battered fish, burgers, creamy or coconut-based curries, creamy or cheese-based pasta dishes, large thick crust pizzas.
- 15. One unit of alcohol = a small 125ml glass of wine, half a pint of regular lager/beer, 1/3 pint of cider or stout, one measure of spirit.
- 16. **Nuts**. Any combination of nuts that are unsalted, unsweetened, not coated in yogurt or chocolate. Includes walnuts, cashews, almonds, pistachios, peanuts, pecans etc.



The next page provides top line advice to get your patient started. Guide them to <a href="https://www.heartuk.org.uk/healthy-living/">www.heartuk.org.uk/healthy-living/</a> for more tips and in-depth dietary advice.



## TOP LINE ADVICE TO GET YOUR PATIENTS STARTED

Emphasise they should make **one OR two changes at any one time** & only introduce further improvements once they feel ready to do so. Ask which unticked questions they would like to tackle first, **PRIORITISE questions numbered 1-6 that are unticked**.

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REPLACE SATURATED FATS with UNSATURATED FATS www.heartuk.org.uk/low-cholesterol-foods/saturated-fat			
1.	Red meat ≤3 times a week. A serving is approx. 100g.	Red meat & products tend to be high in saturated fats. You don't have to avoid but watch your portions and have less frequently. Experiment with healthier proteins by fully or part replacing meat in recipes with beans, lentils, nuts and veg or use skinless chicken, white or oil-rich fish, soya, Quorn. Choose leaner cuts and always remove skin from poultry or all visible fats from meat before cooking. Go meat-free a couple of days a week.	
2.	Processed meat and products.	Processed meats are very high in saturated fats and salt. <b>Try to avoid</b> . <b>Watch out for processed "plant-based"</b> or <b>"vegan" processed meat alternatives</b> & dishes - <b>check front of pack</b> and <b>AVOID RED</b> & <b>AMBER</b> for saturated fat and salt.	
3.	Lower-fat milk & yogurt options or plant-based alternatives.	Choose <b>lower fat</b> varieties of dairy or try <b>fortified</b> (calcium, iodine and vitamin B12) <b>plant-based drinks</b> and <b>alternatives to yogurt</b> . <b>Avoid coconut</b> drinks and yogurt alternatives which are very high in saturated fat.	
4.	≤3 weekly servings of cheese - incl. "vegan" cheeses	Cheese, even lower fat varieties, are rich in saturated fat. Ideally choose lower fat cheeses but still <b>Reduce portions</b> and <b>have less frequently. A single serving</b> of standard and reduced fat cheeses should be <b>no more than 30g</b> or <b>two thumb-widths</b> . Grating cheese makes it go a long way! Very low fat hard cheeses or quark and cottage cheese provide very little saturated fat and can be eaten more freely. There are cheeses (both Cheddar & creamy style) that are low in fat and be consumed more freely - they must be labelled as ' <b>LOW FAT</b> ' (not low <b>er</b> /reduced fat) and check the label that the fat content is no more than 3g per 100g.	
5. 6.	Animal fats, coconut an palm oil or "vegan butte Instead use unsaturated oils and spreads in moderation	saturated fats in the diet with unsaturated fats is a powerful way to lower cholesterol levels.	
		VEGETABLES & FRUIT A serving = a handful, 4 tbsp, small bowl or 1 tbsp dried	
	≥3 portions veg daily 2 portions fruit daily	Include with every meal e.g., a handful OR a tbsp dried fruit with breakfast cereals or porridge, salad vegetables with lunch, a piece of fruit as a snack and 2 servings of vegetables with a main meal. Keep it colourful – RED, ORANGE, YELLOWS & GREENS. Fresh, frozen, canned (juice or water) & dried all count. AVOID fruit and vegetable juices and smoothies.	
		LEAN & PLANT PROTEINS	
9.	≥3 portions of pulses every week.	<b>All types count</b> including canned varieties e.g., baked beans, lentils, chickpeas, garden peas, broad beans, black-eyed beans, kidney beans etc. Use to <b>part or fully replace meat</b> in your recipes. <b>Try going meat free twice a week</b> .	
10.	One portion of oil- rich fish every week.	Oil-rich fish is rich in healthy unsaturated omega-3 fats which have been associated with better heart health outcomes. <a href="www.heartuk.org.uk/low-cholesterol-foods/omega-3-fats">www.heartuk.org.uk/low-cholesterol-foods/omega-3-fats</a> .	
11.	Whole grains	HEALTHY CARBS <a href="www.heartuk.org.uk/low-cholesterol-foods/wholegrains">www.heartuk.org.uk/low-cholesterol-foods/wholegrains</a> Too many refined carbs e.g., white bread, white rice and pasta have been associated with higher lipids and a greater risk of cardiovascular risk. Switching over to whole grain varieties will help with heart health outcomes and add more fibre to your diet.	
		HIGH FAT, SALT &/OR SUGARY FOODS - HFSS	
12.	Always choose unsweetened instead of sweetened drinks	Sugary drinks including pure fruit juices and smoothies provide a lot of sugar with very little other nutrients. <b>Unsweetened drinks includes</b> tap, bottled and 'sugar-free' flavoured waters; teas/ coffees made with low fat milk or plant-based drink and no added sugar or syrups. Diet/sugar free soft drinks.	
13.	HFSS snacks <3 times a week	Snacks are major source of saturated fats, sugars and salt. Healthier snacks include popcorn, fruit, lower fat yogurt with nuts and seeds, oatcakes.	
14.	Take-aways, fast food OR ready meals. LESS than TWICE a week	Take-aways and fast foods are often rich in saturated fats and salt. Best to <b>reduce frequency</b> and <b>choose 'healthier' options</b> e.g., plain Margherita pizzas, tomato-based or dry curries, tomato-based pasta dishes (without cream or cheese), grilled kebabs, sushi. <b>Sandwiches</b> : choose without added cheese and mayo. <b>Front of pack</b> : choose <b>GREEN</b> for saturated fat & salt.	
15.	≤14 units of alcohol	OTHER  Alcohol is high in calories and in excess causes many health issues. <b>Do not exceed the</b>	
	per week.  Daily handful of nuts	recommended 14-weekly units, try and have some alcohol-free days and don't binge drink.  Nuts. Any combination of nuts that are unsalted, unsweetened, not coated in yogurt or chocolate. Includes walnuts, cashews, almonds, pistachios, peanuts, pecans etc.	



For those scoring 12 OR MORE, direct them to <a href="https://example.com/heartuk.org.uk/uclp">heartuk.org.uk/uclp</a> for advice on introducing three cholesterol-lowering foods: stanol or sterol fortified products, oats/barley and soya

For more tips, advice & recipes www.heartuk.org.uk/healthy-living